

Company registration number 04627931 (England and Wales)

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mr P R Marshall Mr E Helps Mr S J Clark
Company number	04627931
Registered office	4th Floor Llanthony Warehouse The Docks Gloucester Gloucestershire GL1 2EH
Accountants	Griffiths Marshall 4th Floor Llanthony Warehouse The Docks Gloucester Gloucestershire GL1 2EH

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

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THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity and main source of income is the rental of property.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr P R Marshall

Mr E McGurk

(Resigned 30 January 2026)

Mr E Helps

Mr S J Clark

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mr P R Marshall

Director

15 April 2026

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of The Wharf House Company Limited for the year ended 31 December 2025 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <https://www.icaew.com/regulation>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of The Wharf House Company Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of The Wharf House Company Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of The Wharf House Company Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The Wharf House Company Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that The Wharf House Company Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of The Wharf House Company Limited. You consider that The Wharf House Company Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of The Wharf House Company Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Griffiths Marshall

Chartered Accountants
4th Floor
Llanthony Warehouse
The Docks
Gloucester
Gloucestershire
GL1 2EH
16 April 2026

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	2025	2024
	£	£
Turnover	55,000	48,661
Administrative expenses	(6,295)	(3,839)
Profit before taxation	48,705	44,822
Tax on profit	-	-
Profit for the financial year	48,705	44,822

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Notes	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		340,964		340,965
Current assets					
Debtors	5	6,388		5,800	
Cash at bank and in hand		17,629		4,980	
			<u>24,017</u>		<u>10,780</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(2,925)		(3,022)	
Net current assets			<u>21,092</u>		<u>7,758</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>362,056</u>		<u>348,723</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(590,301)		(625,673)
Net liabilities			<u>(228,245)</u>		<u>(276,950)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100,002		100,002
Profit and loss reserves			(328,247)		(376,952)
Total equity			<u>(228,245)</u>		<u>(276,950)</u>

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 April 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr P R Marshall
Director

Company registration number 04627931 (England and Wales)

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

1 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

2 Accounting policies

Company information

The Wharf House Company Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 4th Floor, Llanthony Warehouse, The Docks, Gloucester, Gloucestershire, GL1 2EH.

2.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

2.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. However, the directors are would like to draw your attention to the company's reliance on the loan provided from the parent company Herefordshire & Gloucestershire Canal Trust Limited listed in note 9.

2.3 Turnover

Revenue comprises sales of goods or services provided to customers net of value added tax and other sales taxes, less an appropriate deduction for actual and expected returns and discounts. Revenue is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied and the control of goods or services is transferred to the buyer. Where the performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised in accordance with its progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the promised consideration is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money, which is recognised as interest income.

Rent receivable including any lease incentives given, are recognised in the profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	NIL
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

2.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

2.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

2.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Total	4	4

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £
Cost	
At 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2025	340,964
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 January 2025	(1)
Eliminated in respect of disposals	1
At 31 December 2025	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2025	340,964
At 31 December 2024	340,965

5 Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	3,799	5,800
Other debtors	2,589	-
	<u>6,388</u>	<u>5,800</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Taxation and social security	1,550	1,822
Other creditors	1,375	1,200
	<u>2,925</u>	<u>3,022</u>

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Other creditors	590,301	625,673

8 Related party transactions

As at 31st December 2025 the company owed £ 590,301 (2024 - £ 625,674) to Herefordshire and Gloucestershire Canal Trust Limited as an intercompany loan. No interest has been charged on this loan.

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

9 Parent company

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Herefordshire and Gloucestershire Canal Trust Limited and its registered office is 4th floor, Llanthony warehouse, The Docks, Gloucester GL1 2EH.

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts

THE WHARF HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	£	2025 £	£	2024 £
Turnover				
Rental income		55,000		48,661
Administrative expenses				
Property repairs and maintenance	1,616		-	
Legal and professional fees	360		-	
Accountancy	1,425		1,200	
Bank charges	350		314	
Insurances	2,544		2,325	
		<u>(6,295)</u>		<u>(3,839)</u>
Operating profit		<u>48,705</u>		<u>44,822</u>
